# metal-organic papers

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#### **Key indicators**

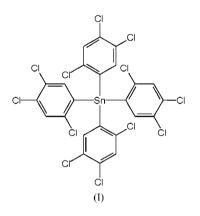
Single-crystal X-ray study T = 90 K Mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å R factor = 0.024 wR factor = 0.059 Data-to-parameter ratio = 15.0

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e. Tetrakis(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)stannane

The molecule of the title compound,  $[Sn(C_6H_2Cl_3)_4]$ , occupies a general position in the crystal structure, but shows an approximate  $\overline{4}$  molecular symmetry. Received 5 March 2007 Accepted 26 April 2007

## Comment

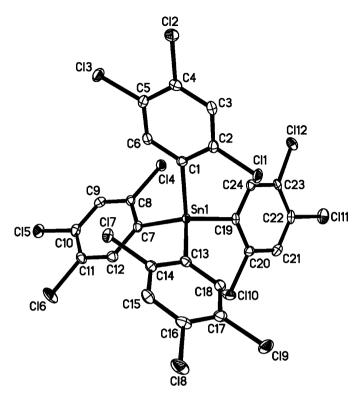
Tetraarylstannanes are an important class of organotin compounds that are of interest for both technical and biomedical applications (Pellerito *et al.*, 2006; Gielen, 2002). Therefore, new and improved approaches for the synthesis of these compounds are of interest. Recently, we reported a onestep synthesis of tetraarylstannanes with the general structure  $Ar_4Sn$  using the reaction of aryl iodides with copper bronze (Shaikh *et al.*, 2006). Here, we describe the crystal structure of the title compound, (I), which was synthesized during our efforts to optimize this novel synthetic approach further (Fig. 1).



The title compound crystallizes in monoclinic space group  $P2_1/n$ . This is in contrast with numerous other tetraarylstannanes, which crystallize in tetragonal space groups (Belsky et al., 1983; Karipides et al., 1974; Karipides & Oertel, 1977; Karipides & Wolfe, 1975; Smith et al., 1994; Wharf et al., 1990; Wharf & Bélanger-Gariépy, 2003; Wharf & Lebuis, 2000; Wharf & Simard, 1987; Young et al., 2005; Chieh & Trotter, 1970; Shaikh et al., 2006), and their molecules in many cases occupy special positions with crystallographic symmetry  $\overline{4}$ . In some papers (Wharf & Simard, 1995), it is implied that the ability to occupy high-symmetry special positions leads to a dense packing of these compounds in the solid state. There are, however, several papers that report crystal structures of tetraarylstannanes in non-tetragonal space groups, such as *Pbca*, *P*<del>1</del>, *P*<sub>2</sub>/*c* or *C*2/*c* (Shaikh *et al.*, 2006; Shaikh *et al.*, 2007; Wharf & Simard, 1991; Wharf & Simard, 1995; Wharf & Lebuis, 2003; Ara et al., 2004; Ross et al., 1994; Ng, 1997). Many of the compounds belonging to this group have relatively large

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#### Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atomlabelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms have been omitted.

substituents, which would have caused loss of close packing in the tetragonal space groups as a result of the steric requirements of the substituents.

Even though the molecule of the title compound occupies a general position in the crystal structure, it has approximate molecular geometry  $\overline{4}$  in the solid state, and has a single principal symmetry axis running through the mid-points of C1···C13 and C7···C19. The most significant deviation from  $\overline{4}$ molecular symmetry becomes apparent when analyzing the angles  $\beta$  and  $\theta$ , which are defined with respect to the symmetry axis (Wharf & Simard, 1995; Hutchings et al., 1975). Four  $\beta$ angles are expected to have equal values for ideal  $\overline{4}$  geometry; two  $\theta$  angles should also be equal. One can see, however, that the molecule of the title compound shows significant variation in the  $\beta$  angles [C1-Sn1-C19 = 108.96 (10)°, C7-Sn1-C13 =  $110.47 (10)^{\circ}$ , C7-Sn1-C1 = 109.47 (10)° and C13-Sn1- $C19 = 115.94 (10)^{\circ}$  as well as a noticeable difference between the  $\theta$  angles [C1-Sn1-C13 = 103.90 (10)° and C7-Sn1- $C19 = 107.94 (10)^{\circ}$ ].

## **Experimental**

The title compound was synthesized in one step using the reaction of 2,4,5-trichloro-1-iodobenzene with copper bronze at 503 K (Shaikh *et al.*, 2006). Crystals suitable for the X-ray diffraction study were obtained by slow evaporation of the solvent from a solution of (I) in chloroform.

Crystal data	
$\begin{bmatrix} Sn(C_{6}H_{2}Cl_{3})_{4} \end{bmatrix} \\ M_{r} = 840.39 \\ Monoclinic, P2_{1}/n \\ a = 7.9536 (4) \\ Å \\ b = 33.8974 (15) \\ Å \\ c = 11.2442 (5) \\ Å \\ \beta = 109.584 (2)^{\circ} \end{bmatrix}$	$V = 2856.1 (2) Å^{3}$ Z = 4 Cu K\alpha radiation $\mu = 17.60 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 90.0 (2) K 0.08 × 0.08 × 0.04 mm
Data collection Bruker X8 Proteum diffractometer	27165 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS in APEX2; Bruker, 2004) $T_{min} = 0.328, T_{max} = 0.543$	5021 independent reflections 4856 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.040$
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$ $wR(F^2) = 0.059$ S = 1.09 5021 reflections	335 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.65$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.55$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

The H atoms were placed in idealized positions (C-H = 0.95 Å)and included in the subsequent refinement in the riding-model approximation with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2*; data reduction: *APEX2*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 1994); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELX97*-2 (Sheldrick, 1997) and local procedures.

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